

OSTER

(Major-General Hans Oster)



303



Ex-Abwehr Chief of Staff; Chief of Central Section of Abwehr. Principal organizer of the conspiracy within the Abwehr; directed the activities of the agents involved in the plot; obtained explosives for Operation Flash in 1943; arrested in April 1943 with Dohnanyi for his implication in Operation 7; remained in prison until his execution on 9 April 1945.

DELP

(Alfred Delp)



206



Jesuit priest; writer. Member of the Kreisau Circle. Delp believed that part of the blame for the mass support of Hitler lay with the Church; executed 2 February 1945.

DIETRICH

(SS Colonel-General Sepp Dietrich)



010



Commander, Waffen SS Panzer division.

Commanded an SS unit during the purge of Ernst Roehm's SA (Sturmabteilung) on 30 June 1934; at the outbreak of the war he joined the Waffen SS and until 1945 commanded a Panzer division.

OLBRICHT

(Colonel-General Friedrich Olbricht)



409



Deputy Commander of the Reserve Army.

Assigned by Fromm to develop the plans for Operation Valkyrie; deputy commander of the Reserve Army at the time of the July plot; executed on the night of 20 July.

The Plot to Assassinate



HITLER

1940-44

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HITLER

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HEYDRICH

(SS General Reinhard Heydrich)



001



8-7-8

Chief of RSHA; Protector of Bohemia-Moravia, 1941-1942

1931 – organizes the SD; 1939 – Chief of the RSHA; 1941 – appointed as Protector of Bohemia-Moravia; 6 June 1942 – assassinated by Czech partisans.

SCHELLENBERG

(SS Lieutenant-General Walter Schellenberg)



002



8-7-7

Chief of Foreign Intelligence section of the SD.

1939-1942 deputy chief of the Foreign Intelligence section of the SD, and until 1944 its chief; along with Kaltenbrunner, he pressured Himmler into dissolving the Abwehr.

MUELLER

(SS General Heinrich Mueller)



003



7-4-8

Chief of the Gestapo.

Formerly worked for the political police in the Weimar Republic; Chief of the Gestapo 1939-1945; Mueller was never captured by the Allies; it was believed that he escaped to South America.

KALTENBRUNNER

(SS General Ernst Kaltenbrunner)



004



7-4-6

Chief of the RSHA

After the assassination of Heydrich, Himmler appointed him as chief of the RSHA; he authorized the incorporation of the Abwehr into the RSHA; in the early morning of 21 July he arrived at the War Office where he ordered Fromm to turn over the surviving plotters to Himmler.

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DOHNANYI

(Hans von Dohnanyi)



301



Sonderführer OKW; Abwehr agent.
Lawyer and Abwehr agent; in 1042 he successfully led a group of Jews who were disguised as Abwehr agents from Germany to Switzerland (Operation 7); arrested April 1943 and executed April 1945.

WIRMER

(Joseph Wirmser)



205



Berlin Lawyer.

A Berlin lawyer who was able to mediate between the politically left and right factions of the resistance.

OHLENDORF

(SS Lieutenant-General Otto Ohlendorf)



015



Chief of Section III of RSHA
Chief of Section III of the RSHA, 1936-1945; authorized the execution of over 90,000 Jews in the Ukraine between 1941 and 1942.

TRESCOW

(General Henning von Tresckow)



403



Chief of Staff, Army Group Center.

A central planner in Operation Flash in 1943; he was still considered a leader and he remained the Schwarze Kappelle's agent in the East; he blew himself up with a hand grenade on the Eastern Front on 21 July 1944 after learning of the failure of the assassination attempt.

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GISEVIUS

(Hans Bernd Gisevius)



302



Abwehr agent.

Abwehr agent; formerly a Gestapo lawyer; Gisevius established communication with the Americans through Allen Dulles, and O.S.S. officer stationed in Switzerland; one of the few conspirators who escaped from the War Office on the night of 20 July.

HASELL

(Ulrich von Hassell)



204



Former ambassador to Rome, 1933-1937.

Recalled by Ribbentrop for opposing the Rome-Berlin Axis; politically conservative, Hassell opposed tyrannicide as a means of eliminating Hitler; arrested 28 July 1944 and executed at Plotzensee Prison 8 September.

RIBBENTROP

(SS General Joachim von Ribbentrop)



014



Reich Minister of Foreign Affairs.

1932 -- Colonel in the SS; 1936-1938 -- Ambassador to England; 1938-1945 -- Reich Minister of Foreign Affairs.

MANSTEIN

(Field Marshal Erich von Manstein)



416



Commander of Army Group South, 1943-1944.

Manstein had promised the conspirators that he and Kluge would demand control of the Eastern Front from Hitler after the German victory at Stalingrad; but after von Paulus' defeat, he backed away from the conspiracy and could not be persuaded to change his mind.

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HANSEN

(Georg Alexander Hansen)



310



Chief, Section I (Espionage), Abwehr.
Succeeded Canaris when the Abwehr was absorbed into the SS on February 1944; he was able to retain communication with the plotters' contacts abroad; present at the last meetings where the plan for 20 July were finalized; arrested soon after 20 July and executed 8 August 1944.

MOLTKE

(Helmuth J. Graf von Moltke)



203



Legal advisor, Foreign Section of Abwehr.
Founder and leader of the Kreisau Circle; a lawyer specializing in international law, worked as a legal advisor in the Foreign Section of the Abwehr. Long under the suspicion of the Gestapo, Moltke was arrested in January 1944 and executed 1 January 1945 at Plotzensee Prison.

BEST

(SS Lieutenant-General Karl Werner Best)



013



SS Lieutenant-General; Reich Commissioner of Denmark.
Close associate of Himmler; advisor to the SD and the Gestapo on legal matters; Reich Commissioner of Denmark, 1942-1945.

SCHULENBURG

(Lieutenant Fritz von der Schulenburg)



418



Staff member of the Reserve Army.
Member of the Kreisau Circle; in 1937 he served as deputy to Helldorf, the Police President of Berlin; from 1939 to 1940 he was a deputy to Joseph Wagner; appointed to Fromm's staff in 1944; he often acted as an intermediary between the civilian resistance and the military opposition; present at the War Office on 20 July; executed September 1944.

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TROTT

(Adam von Trott zu Solz)



309



2-6-3

Foreign Office official; Abwehr agent.
Member of the Kreisau Circle; advisor on foreign affairs and close friend of Stauffenberg; between 1938-39 he traveled to London and the United States to gain support for the resistance; on the night of 20 July Trott was in the Foreign Office; arrested 25 July and executed 26 August 1944.

YORCK

(Peter Graf Yorck von Wartenburg)



202



2-3-5

Staff member, Dept. of Military Economics.
One of the founders of the Kreisau Circle; cousin of Stauffenberg; in 1942 Yorck was attached to the Department of Military Economics; among the group of conspirators who were arrested on the evening of 20 July at the War Office; executed 8 August 1944.

FRANK

(SS Lieutenant-General Karl Hermann Frank)



012



4-4-5

Deputy Protector of Bohemia-Moravia.
Deputy Protector of Bohemia-Moravia, 1039-1945.

QUIRNHEIM

(Major Mertz von Quirnheim)



417



1-6-3

Deputy to Stauffenberg.
Executed on the night of 20 July.

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JOHN

(Otto John)



308



Lawyer, Abwehr agent.

Lawyer and Abwehr agent; his position in Lufthansa airlines enabled him to travel abroad, making contacts with British and Americans in Madrid and Lisbon; present at the War Office on 20 July; escaped from Germany after that night.

LEBER

(Julius Leber)



201



Ex-Social Democratic member of the Reichstag.

Arrested for opposing National Socialism in 1933; after joining the Kreisau Circle, he met Stauffenberg and exerted such a strong influence over him that after his arrest in early July 1944, Stauffenberg pushed for immediate action against Hitler. Executed at Plotensee Prison on 5 January 1945.

HANKE

(SS Lieutenant-General Karl Hanke)



011



Gauleiter of Lower Silesia.

1933-1941 – adjutant to Joseph Goebbels, the Minister of Propaganda; 1941-1945 – Gauleiter of Lower Silesia; in the last days of the Reich, Hanke was named as Himmler's successor when Hitler suspected treachery on the part of Himmler.

RUNDSTEDT

(Field Marshal Gerd von Rundstedt)



415



Commander-in-Chief of Army Group West.

He was approached by Schlabrendorff but would not commit himself; Rommel also tried to persuade him to join the opposition; he declined but encouraged Rommel's involvement. He was the President of the Army Court of Honor that tried the military conspirators.

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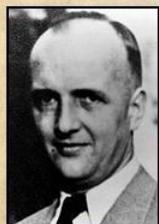


HITLER

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GEHRE

(Captain Ludwig Gehre)



307



4-4-5

Agent in Abwehr Counter-Espionage.
Agent in Section III (Counter-Espionage) of the Abwehr; involved in Operation Flash; arrested by the Gestapo in early 1944; executed 9 April 1945.

GUDERIAN

(General Heinz Guderian)



414



2-6-3

Inspector General of armored troops.
Approached by Treskow and Goerdeler in 1942, but they failed to receive his endorsement; in 1944 he recommended Stauffenberg's appointment as Chief of Staff to Fromm; he served on the court martial of the military figures in the conspiracy but kept his silence on the plot.

DALUEGE

(SS General Kurt Daluege)



009



4-4-5

Succeeded Heydrich as Bohemia-Moravia Protector.

In 1942 he succeeded Heydrich as Protector of Bohemia-Moravia until the end of the war. Berlin SS leader who sided Himmler in the early struggle for control of the political police.

HOFACKER

(Lieutenant-Colonel Cäsar von Hofacker)



413



3-4-5

Staff member to Governor in France.
Member of Stülpnagel's staff in Paris; cousin of Stauffenberg. Hofacker met with Rommel in 1944 to discuss the assassination plans; after his arrest, he was tortured by the Gestapo when he revealed Rommel's role in the conspiracy; executed 20 December 1944.

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MUELLER

(Doctor Joseph Mueller)



306



Lawyer, Abwehr agent.

In early May 1940 he warned the Belgian Foreign Ministry of Hitler's invasion plans; arrested in April 1943 along with Bonhoeffer and Dohnanyi when the Gestapo found documents proving his involvement in the conspiracy; one of the few survivors of the conspiracy; he was liberated by the Allies on 5 May 1945; he was saved due to a clerical error.

BECK

(Colonel-General Ludwig Beck)



412



Chief of General Staff, 1933-1940.

"Spiritual leader of the Schwarze Kappelle, Beck strove to unite the German generals in order to oppose Hitler, without success. He was arrested at the War Office on the night of 20 July; he chose to commit suicide rather than face execution. After two failed attempts, From ordered a sergeant to shoot him through the temple.

ROEDER

(Manfred Roeder)



008



Army Investigator.

He was an accomplice with Sondregger in the arrest of Dohnanyi, Oster and Bonhoeffer; conducted the court proceedings of Bonhoeffer and Dohnanyi in 1943.

WITZLEBEN

(Field Marshal Erwin von Witzleben)



411



Commander of Army Group West; retired, 1942.

He assumed control of the Wehrmacht on 20 July 1944 and ordered the activation of Operation Valkyrie; after his arrest he lived long enough to implicate Fromm in the plot; executed 8 August 1944 at Plotzensee Prison.

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LORINGHOVEN

(Colonel Wessel Freytag von Loringhoven)



304



6-3-7

Chief of Sabotage and Subversion in the Abwehr.

Head of the Sabotage section of the Abwehr 1943-1944; obtained the bomb for 20 July; committed suicide 26 July 1944.

STÜLPNAGEL

(Colonel-General Karl von Stülpnagel)



407



5-3-7

Military Governor of France.

Leading figure of the Schwarze Kapelle in France and a friend of Rommel; on 20 July he ordered the arrest of the Gestapo and SS in France; after the failure of the conspiracy he was ordered to return to Berlin. While en route, he tried to commit suicide. He lived and was executed 30 August 1944.

SKORZENY

(SS Major-General Otto Skorzeny)



006



6-4-7

SS Major-General

1939-1943 – served in the Waffen-SS; 1943-1945 – worked under Schellenberg in the Foreign Section of the RSHA; on the night of 20 July, Skorzeny arrived at the War Office with an SS commando unit to aid the military supporters of Hitler.

ROMMEL

(Field Marshal Erwin Rommel)



406



5-3-7

Commander of Army Group B.

His initial contact with the Schwarze Kapelle was Karl Stroelin, a friend from the time they served together in WWI. Rommel was implicated in the plot when Lt. Col. Hofacker, under torture, disclosed his name. On 14 October 1944 two OKW generals arrived at his home to arrest him. He committed suicide the same day.

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BONHOEFFER

(Pastor Dietrich Bonhoeffer)



305



Abwehr agent.

In 1937 he and Dr. Martin Niemoeller established the Confessional Church to defend Protestantism from the Nazi ideology; he became an Abwehr agent in 1938 through contacts with Oster, Canaris and Beck; involved in Operation 7 with Dohnanyi; arrested in April 1943 for "subversive activities"; executed 9 April 1945 at Flossenber.

SCHLABRENDORFF

(Major Fabian von Schlabrendorff)



410



Aide-de-Camp assigned to Army Group Center.

Assistant to Hans Oster in the Abwehr 1930-1941. From 1941 on, he served on the Eastern Front with Treskow; arrested after the assassination attempt in July but through filing errors he was not executed; liberated by the Allies on 5 May 1945.

WOLFF

(SS General Karl Wolff)



007



SS General; Military Governor of North Italy.

Until 1943 Wolff served on Himmler's staff as a liaison officer to Hitler; Military Governor of North Italy from 1943-1944; attempted negotiations with the Allies in March 1945.

BORMANN

(Reichsleiter Martin Bormann)



101



Reichsleiter of the Nazi Party.

Close friend and secretary to the Führer; said to be "the power behind the throne"; present at the Führerbunker when Hitler committed suicide.

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FELLGIEBEL

(General Erich Fellgiebel)



405



5-3-7

Chief of Sabotage and Subversion in the Abwehr.

Head of the Sabotage section of the Abwehr 1943-1944; obtained the bomb for 20 July; committed suicide 26 July 1944.

KLUGE

(Field Marshal Günther von Kluge)



404



5-4-7

Supreme Commander of Army in the West.

While C-in-C of A.G. Center, he became involved in Operation Flash but backed away from the plot until approached again in 1944. His indecisiveness was one of the reasons for the failure of Operation Valkyrie. He committed suicide while en route to Berlin on 18 August 1944.

SONDREGGER

(Colonel Franz Sondregger)



005



6-4-7

Gestapo Commissioner.

He found evidence implicating Dohnanyi, Oster and Bonhoeffer in the plot; this damning evidence on Operation 7 caused their arrest.

HAEFTEN

(Lieutenant Werner von Haeften)



402



7-7-6

Aide-de-Camp to Stauffenberg.

Aide-de-Camp and friend of Stauffenberg; he accompanied him to Rastenburg on 20 July. In his briefcase he carried a bomb similar to the one used by Stauffenberg. The unused explosive was quickly dismantled along the route to the plane that would take them back to Berlin; executed on the night of 20 July.

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STAUFFENBERG

(Colonel Claus Schenk Graf von Stauffenberg)



401



8-7-8

Chief of Staff of the Reserve Army.
Military leader of the conspiracy after 1943; Chief of Staff to Fromm, the Commander-in-Chief of the Reserve Army; planted the bomb in the wooden hut at Rastenburg 20 July; executed that night by order of Fromm.

WAGNER

(Joseph Wagner)



109



2-6-3

Gauleiter of Westphalia-South and Silesia.
He recruited members for the German Resistance.

SPEER

(Albert Speer)



110



1-6-3

Minister of Armaments and War Production.
Hitler's architect in the early days of the Third Reich; as Minister of Armaments and War Production, Speer was responsible for war production 1942-1945.

NEBE

(SS General Artur Nebe)



104



3-6-5

Chief of Reich Criminal Police.
Chief of the Reich Criminal Police who aided the Schwarze Kapelle by informing them of all of the movements of the Gestapo; executed 21 March 1945.

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STROELIN

(Karl Stroelin)



108



2-6-3

Mayor of Stuttgart.

First contacted Rommel in mid-1943; Rommel joined the conspiracy as a result of Stroelin's persuasions.

POPITZ

(Johannes Popitz)



107



3-3-5

Prussian State Minister and Finance Minister.

He was a link between Himmler and the resistance; Popitz urged the conspirators to restore Germany to a Hohenzollern monarchy after the elimination of Hitler; arrested on 21 July 1944 and executed at Plotensee Prison 2 February 1945.

SCHACHT

(Hjalmar Schacht)



106



3-4-5

President of Reichsbank; Minister without Portfolio.

Economic advisor to Hitler and President of the Reichsbank; arrested on 21 July for his contacts with Goerdeler and the conspiracy; saved from execution on lack of evidence.

FUHRER ACCESS



① Used by Abwehr Player during Coup declaration to influence Walkyrie Table die-roll (+1 dm). Multiple cards can be played during the same Coup declaration [18.13].

(total: 8)

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LAMMERS

(Hans Heinrich Lammers)



105



3-6-5

Chief of Reich Chancellery.
Close advisor to Hitler on legal and state affairs.

GOERING

(Hermann Goering)



103



4-3-5

Reichsmarschal;
Commander-in-Chief of Luftwaffe.
Former WWI flying ace who made good in the Nazi Regime; Commander-in-Chief of the Luftwaffe; organizer of the Berlin political police; once named as Hitler's successor.

HELLDORF

(SS General Wolf Graf von Helldorf)



102



6-4-6

Police President of Berlin.
Police President of Berlin who offered the support of his SS units to the conspiracy in the 20 July plot was successful; executed 15 August 1944.

FROMM

(Col. General Friederich Fromm)



408



4-4-5

Commander-in-Chief, Reserve Army.
He promised to support the resistance if it was successful. Refusing any help to the plotters on hearing the news of Hitler's death, he was arrested by them. Later on he was freed and ordered the immediate arrest and execution of the conspiracy leaders. He was eventually implicated and executed March 1945.

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FUHRER ACCESS



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(total: 8)

BRIEFCASE BOMB



① (addition) This card is included in the randomizer at start [6.1].
② (new rule) If the Abwehr Player holds this card during the Harassment and Movement Phase (it may be used only during *Coup* turns) and is attacking Hitler from any hex *inside* the Fuhrer or Rastenburg HQ, he may reveal the card, which **adds 4 points** to the Effectiveness Rating of the attacking unit. This card can only be used against Hitler for one Harassment only, before the die is rolled.

(total: 1, optional)

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TRAVEL



① Allows movement from a friendly HQ to a hex outside of Berlin or vice versa, over any distance, without the need to traverse intervening hexes (SS may also travel from Rastenburg HQ to a friendly HQ in Berlin, or vice versa. Travel may be combined with regular movement. [9.5])

(total: 6)

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(total: 6)

ALIBI/ARREST



① When played by the SS Player this card nullifies a Loyalty card played by the Abwehr player [13.18]

② When played by the Abwehr Player this card will add +1 to the Interrogation die-roll [14.22].

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FUHRER ACCESS



①Used by Abwehr Player during Coup declaration to influence the Walkyrie Table die-roll (+1 drm). Multiple cards can be played during the same Coup declaration [18.13].

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(total: 8)

DOUBLE-CROSS



① When used in conjunction with the appropriate Loyalty card, this card allows the recruitment of a unit that has already been recruited by the other player. [12.6].

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The Plot to Assassinate



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FRIENDLY ASSIGNMENT



① When required to send a friendly unit on assignment, this card allows a player to select which of his units is sent. [7.41].

② May be played after opponent plays 'Enemy Assignment' to allow owning player to select unit for assignment [7.53].

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① When used in conjunction with the appropriate Loyalty card, this card allows the recruitment of a unit that has already been recruited by the other player. [12.6].

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① When required to send a friendly unit on assignment, this card allows a player to switch the Party affiliation of the unit to be sent. [7.51].

② May be played after opponent plays 'Enemy Assignment' to switch the Party affiliation back to your opponent (this can be done repeatedly by the players if they have sufficient 'Enemy Assignment' cards [7.53].

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