



# Revision English

## Macmillan unit (5)

### Do as shown between brackets:

- 1-A piece of cloth put over someone's mouth. (.....)  
(give one word)
- 2-To move your hand or head in a way that tells someone to come nearer.  
(give one word) (.....)
- 3-Khaled Ibn El -Waleed was one of the greatest .....(statue-warrior) in Islam.  
(choose)
- 4-Put the antonym of captured in a sentence of your own.  
.....
- 5-The bank robbers put a patrol on the employees' mouth. (correct the mistake)  
.....

### 6-Fill in the blanks with words from the box:

freezes -companion- warriors-trust-courtyard-guardroom

- a-You don't have to put your .....in dishonest people.
- b-Amy was Anna's nice .....on their journey to Hurghada.
- c-The king ordered his.....to get ready for the battle.
- d-The bottle of water .....when I usually forget it in the fridge.



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e-The..... was full of weapons and guns to protect the palace.

f-The.....was very wide and surrounded by many buildings and castles.

7- Put the synonym of incredibly in a sentence of your own:

.....

8-Moving round a place to guard it. (.....)

(give one word)

9-Be (incredible -cautious) while driving your car. (choose)

10-I gave mum a bunch of flower as an (explosion -expression) of my love to her.

(choose)

11-Laura is still young .She thinks very well. (join using: and or but)

.....

12-Our teacher made a quick possession before the exams. (correct the mistake)

.....

13-The brave soldier conquered all his enemies.

..... (replace the underlined word)

14-Why are you grumbling? The bags are very high.

.....(correct the mistake)

15-Last night the whole castle was on .....because of the widespread of criminals in the city. (complete)



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16-I (froze-rescued-beckoned) to the waiter to take the order. (choose)

17- Can't be believed. (.....)

(give one word)

18-Put the antonym of luckily in a meaningful sentence:

.....

19-I saw an captured accident in the street. (correct the underlined word)

.....

20-A person you spend a lot of time with because he is a friend or you travel with him/ her. (give one word) (.....)

## Unit 5 Model Answers

Do as shown between brackets:

1-gag

2-beckon

3-warrior

4-set free- the princess was set free after her father had paid the money.

5- gag



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6-fill in the blanks with words from the box:

a-trust

b-companion

c- warriors

d-freezes

e-guardroom

f-courtyard

7-She is extremely beautiful.

8-patrol

9-cautious

10-expression

11-Laura is still young but she thinks well.

12-possession-----revision

13-courageous

14-light

15-patrol

16-beckoned

17- incredible

18-unluckily -The shops were closed and I couldn't by those shoes unluckily.



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19-incredible.

20-companion.

## Macmillan unit (6)

### 1-Do as asked:

#### 1) Give one word:

1. Someone who is in charge of a newspaper. [.....]
2. To say that you are not satisfied with something. [.....]
3. People in charge of a city or town. [.....]
4. To lose people's respect because of bad behavior. [.....]
5. unclean. [.....]
6. Important and old. [.....]
7. To make someone agree to do something. [.....]
8. Put the **antonym** of **eventful** in a sentence.

-----

9. Put the **synonym** of **hygienic** in a sentence.

-----

10. The soldiers showed real ..... in the war. [complete]
11. My mum (agreed – persuaded – complaint) my dad to go on holiday.[choose]
12. If you are a liar, there will be (distrust – trust) between you and people.  
[choose]
13. Mona felt ..... because of what she did yesterday.



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[Complete]

14. Places where there is a lot of rubbish may cause..... .

[Complete]

15. The synonym of pleasant is ..... .

[Complete]

16. The synonym of local is ..... .

[Complete]

17. To take other people's money is considered (unhygienic – dishonest – truthful).

[Choose]

18- ..... is always valuable, it cost a lot of money.

[Complete]

19- Old places in Cairo are famous of making (cooking – machinery – pottery).

[Choose]

20- I achieved much (improvement – bravery – pottery) in driving cars.

[Choose]

## Unit (6) Model Answers

### 1-Do as asked:

1- editor

2- complain

3- council

4- disgrace

5- unhygienic

6- historic

7- persuade

8- boring – The film was so boring.

9- clean My room is clean.

10- bravery

11- persuaded

12- distrust

13- ashamed

14- diseases

15- delightful

16- national

17- dishonest

18- jewellery

19- pottery

20- improvement



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## Macmillan unit (7)

### 1) Do as shown between brackets:

1. There were lots of ..... is the theatre yesterday. [Complete]
2. The (money – expenses – fortunate) of the holiday were a lot. [Choose]
3. There was a minute ..... in the middle of the speech. [Complete]
4. The trumpet played a (applaud – fanfare) at the entrance of the actor. [Choose]
5. A word used to address a group of people of a programme. [Give one word]  
-----
6. Ali was (disagreement – disappointed) when he didn't get the full mark. [choose]
7. The ..... was so high when the team scored a goal. [Complete]
8. This is a (horrid – easy) film. I won't watch it. [Choose]
9. Father looked (apprehensive – excited) while he was waiting for the doctor to come out. [Choose]
- 10- I was so ..... to go on such a journey. [complete]
- 11- The woman was (fortunate – horrid) to have such a beautiful baby. [choose]
- 12- Put the **synonym** of **anxious** in a sentence.  
-----
- 13- Give the **synonym** of **apprehensive**.
- 14- ..... is the antonym of unfortunate. [complete]
- 15- The **antonym** of **apprehensive** is ..... [complete]
- 16- Having such a job was really a good (presenter- chance). [choose]
- 17- The detective ..... this horrible crime. [complete]
- 18- The map (illustrated – educated) the location. [choose]
- 19- They ..... her on having her degree. [complete]



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20- Mona is so ..... She takes care of everyone's feelings. [complete]

## Macmillan unit (7) Model Answers

1- audience

2- expenses

3- pause

4- fanfare

5- folks

6- disappointed

7- applaud

8- horrid

9- apprehensive

10- anxious

11- fortunate

12- eager: The players were eager to win the match.

13- worried/uneasy

14- fortunate

15- easy

16- chance

17- investigated

18- illustrated

19- congratulated

20- considerate





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## Macmillan

### unit 8

#### 1) Do as shown between the brackets:

1. The curtains have a flower (insult – jingle – design) on them. [choose]
2. The teacher was (emphasized – impressed – over heard) by the student's excellent project. [choose]
3. This carpet is a real agency. [Correct the underlined word]  
-----
4. The teacher persuaded the importance of co-operation between the students. [correct the error]
5. A number of people joined together for a commercial purpose. [-----]  
[Give one word]
6. 1The course must ..... improving the students' academic level. [complete]
7. The dress is a real [design – bargain – agency] [choose]
8. Put the antonym of colourful in a sentence:  
-----
9. The air around us is invisible. We can see it. [Join using : and , but , or]  
-----
10. The office or business of an agent.[-----] [Give one word]
11. I did my best to ..... my father to let me go on a journey to Alex.  
[Complete]
12. My mum's jewellery was so bright in the party yesterday.  
-----[Replace the underlined word]



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13. what a beautiful girl you are

[punctuate]

-----

14. Put the **antonym of straight** in a meaningful sentence:

-----

15. Something bought cheaply and given good value for money.[-----]

[Give one word]

16. I saw an ..... For some bubble gum on T.V.

[Complete]

17. You must stay at home said the doctor to the patient. [punctuate]

18. **Dig** : [Write the **gerund** of the previous verb and put it in a meaningful sentence:

-----

19. Do you like to eat something? Do you like to drink something?

-----

[Join the two sentences]

## Macmillan unit 8 Model Answers

**Do as shown between brackets:**

1. design
2. impressed
3. bargain
4. emphasized
5. company
6. aim at



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7. bargain
8. Plain I don't like the plain skirt . I prefer the colourful one.
9. The air around us is invisible but we can see it.
10. agency
11. persuade
12. glowing
13. What beautiful girl you are !
14. Curved : The street is so curved you must be careful when you drive your car.
15. bargain
16. advertisement
17. "You must stay at home." Said the doctor to the patient.
18. digging – The workers were working hard and digging for oil.
19. Do you like to eat something or to drink something?



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## Grammar Final Revision

### Sheet (1)

*First Conditional – Second conditional passive (present simple – past simple – future (will) – present perfect + Present simple – present continuous – past simple – past continuous (future will – going to)*

#### (1) Do as shown between brackets:-

1- If she ..... enough money , she ..... a car . [Complete]

2- If I (studies) ..... hard , I (gets) the full mark. [Correct]

3- He is short . He can't play basketball. [use :if]

.....

4- The sun (setting) .....in the west. [Correct]

5- What ..... you do if you saw a lion in the street? [Complete]

6- Thomas Edison Invented the telephone. [Change into passive]

.....

7- He drank all the milk. [Change into passive]

.....

8- When (do) ..... you (visit) ..... your friend yesterday [Correct]

9- It's very hot, I (swim) .....immediately. [Correct]

10- That dress is nice, I think I (buy) ..... it. [Correct]



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11- I practise tennis three times a week.

[Form a questions]

.....

12- My father is a heavy smoker, If I (be) ..... him I'd stop at once.

[Correct]

13- Yes, she visits her grandmother every week.

[make a question]

.....

14- I was watching T.V when my father came.

[Use : While]

.....

15- She is very pale I think she (faint) .....

[Correct]

16- The thieves have just stolen the safe.

[begin with the safe]

.....

17- They are going to water the garden tomorrow .

[ask a question]

.....

18- Have you ever seen an elephant?

No, I haven't, I have ever seen an elephant.

[Correct]

.....

19- Radwa has much confidence in .....

[Complete with a reflexive pronoun]

20- They will give a reward to the winner .

[begin with the winner]

.....



# Revision English

## Sheet (2)

### Grammar If type 2

If + Past simple / would , could , might + infinitive

#### 1) Correct the verbs between brackets :-

1. If we had more rain, our crops ..... (grow) faster .
2. I could get a job easily if I ..... (know) computer.
3. He might get fat if he ..... (stop) smoking.
- 4- What ..... you (do) ..... if you found a lion in your house.
- 5- If he were in , he ..... (answer) the phone.
- 6- If my case were light , I ..... (carry) it myself.
- 7- If I had a map , I ..... (be) all right .
- 8- If I ..... (know) the answer , I should tell you.
- 9- He ..... (do) more work if he were able.
- 10- If she ..... (try) harder , she could do better.
- 11- If she came ,we ..... (write) the letter together .
- 12- If they ..... (hear) the word, they would repeat it.
- 13- He ..... (write) much letter if he used a good pen.
- 14- Her health would improve if she ..... (sleep) longer.
- 15- If I ..... (know) , I would tell you .



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16- If I ..... (have) the chance , I ..... (learn) to dive.

17-If Sarah.....(get) some money, she.....(buy) a PSP.

18- Sue's brother ..... (help) her if she ..... (ask) him.

19- Suzi ..... (phone) her uncle if she ..... (know) his number.

20- If the girls ..... (be) unhappy, they ..... (tell) us.

**(2) Relative pronouns: Write who or which to complete each sentence:-**

1) The lion ..... was roaring had hurt its paw.

2) Mr. Ali is the teacher ..... taught me to read.

3) I saw the woman ..... lives in the big house.

4) The chair ..... was broken is mine.

5- The car ..... was running fast was stolen yesterday.

6- What is the name of the woman ..... became the first female prime minister of Britain?

7- Bob is looking at the photographs ..... he took on holiday.

8- Did you give John back the money ..... you borrowed from him ?

9- This is the necklace ..... I got for my birthday .

10- What is the name of the man ..... I saw with you yesterday ?

11- This is the house ..... I was born.



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## (3) Join these sentences using who, which, where or that:-

1) I like the necklace , I got it for Christmas.

.....

2) Ann gave me boots . The boots are very comfortable.

.....

3) The man designed our house . The man is an architect.

.....

4) The chocolates are in the box . They are from Belgium.

.....

5) The children are eating sandwiches . The children are in my class.

.....

## (4) Do as shown between brackets :-

1) I visit my grand mother once a week .

[Make a question]

2) If I (be) .....you , I should apologize.

[correct the verb]

3) He paid the bill last week.

[Passive]

.....

4) My father wrote many letters.

[Passive]

.....





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- 5) She ..... never ..... (be) to Canada . [Correct the verb]
- 6) ..... you ..... (watch ) T.V every day? [Correct the verb]
- 7) He ..... (leave) for Aswan tomorrow . [Correct]
- 8) He often ..... (read) detective stories. [Correct]
- 9) I ..... (not / finish) my work yet . [Correct]
- 10) Before he ate the egg, he (boil) ..... it. [Correct]
- 11) After I (hear) .....the news , I (hurry) .....to see him .  
[Correct]
- 12) we (wake) .....up late because the alarm clock (not ring) .....  
[Correct]
- 13) I haven't seen him ..... last Saturday . [Complete]
- 14) I have been in this school (since - for) years. [Choose]
- 15) I (have) ..... my breakfast when you came. [Correct]

## Modal verbs – If type (1) ' May – Might – passive "Modals"

### (1) Do as shown between brackets :-

- 1) You are not allowed to smoke in this building . [Use : Mustn't]
- .....

- 3) If you search the house carefully, you ..... your ring.

a. would find                      b. may find                      c. find                      [Choose]



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4) You ~~should~~ - ought) to study harder.

[Choose]

5) Helen has been ill for three days . She doesn't want to see a doctor.

[Give her an advice]

.....

6) Ann (not / have to) ..... go to school yesterday because she was ill

[Correct]

7) You ..... cross the street when the light is red .

a. mustn't

b. should

c. has to .

[choose]

9) Perhaps we will go to Canada next year .

[Use might]

.....

11) Tigers (can - should - must) live in both jungles and mountains . [Choose]

12) Emma (can - could) wear her jeans now but she (couldn't - can't) wear them last year as she had put on a lot of weight. [Choose]

13) She is a nurse , so she (have to ) ..... wear a uniform at work .

[Correct]

14) I (must / have to ) be at the office at eight o'clock everyday. [Choose]

15) I (must - have to) hurry . I don't want to be late .

[choose]

16) He has got thousands of CDs , He (must - can't) love music . [Choose]

17) If it doesn't rain, we (may - could) go to the park.

[Choose]



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18) If we ..... (not / be) too busy , we might come with you .

[Correct]

19) Perhaps she will pass the exam.

[Use : might]

.....

20) You mustn't open this door.

[Change into passive]

.....

21) If he has enough money , he (can't - may) buy a new car. [Choose]

22) May be we will travel to London next year . [use : May]

.....

## Do as shown between brackets :-

1- If we collected the litter our beaches (be) ..... dirty . [Correct]

2- Ali is very tired , perhaps he will not go to school . [Use : may]

.....

4- She ..... (pray) when her father (call) ..... . [Correct]

5- This is the girl . She had an accident . [Join with (Who)]

.....

7- The sky is very dark . I think it ..... (rain) . [Correct]

9- This is the stadium . she played her first game . [Where]

.....



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10- We used ten thousand elephants to build the pyramids. [Change into passive]

.....

11- The car has been repaired . It was damaged in the accident.

[Join using a relative pronoun]

.....

12- Please raise your voice, I can't hear you. [Correct the mistake]

.....

13- They climbed the mountain . They stopped for a rest. [Join with after]

[Join with before]

.....

.....

14- He hasn't met Ali since 2000. [Use : For]

.....

16- If you study hard , you ..... (succeed) . [Correct]



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## Grammar Model Answers

### (1) Do as shown between brackets

1- If she .....**had**..... enough money , she .....**would buy**..... a car .

2- If I ..... **study** ..... hard , I ....**will get**.... the full mark.

3- He is short . He can't play basketball.

**If he weren't short ,he would play basketball.**

4- The sun .....**sets**.....in the west.

5- What ...**would**..... you do if you saw a lion in the street?

6- Thomas Edison invented the telephone.

**The telephone was invented by Thomas Edison.**

7- He drank all the milk.

**The milk was drunk by him.**

8- When .....**did**..... you .....**visit**..... your friend yesterday

9- Its very hot , I **will swim** immediately . [Correct]

10- That dress is nice, I think I .....**will buy** ..... it.

11- I practise tennis three times a week.

**How often do you practise tennis?**

12- My father is a heavy smoker, if I ... **were** ... him I'd stop at once.



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13- Yes, she visits her grandmother every week.

**Does she visit her grandmother every week?**

14- I was watching T.V when my father came.

**While I was watching T.V, my father came.**

15- She is very pale I think she (faint) ..... [Correct]

**She is very pale, she is going to faint**

16- The thieves stole the safe. [begin with the safe]

**The safe was stolen by the thieves**

17- They are going to water the garden tomorrow. [ask a question]

**When are they going to water the garden?**

18- Have you **ever** seen an elephant? [Correct]

No, I haven't, I have **never** seen an elephant .

19- Radwa has much confidence in .....**herself**.....

20- They will give a reward to the winner .[begin with the winner]

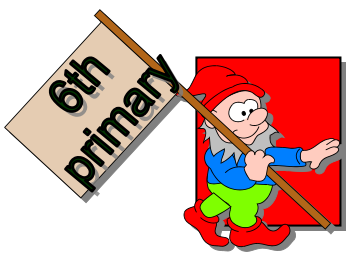
**The winner will be given a reward.**

## Q(1) :

1) would grow (2) knew (3) stopped (4) would you do

5) would answer (6) would carry (7) would be (8) knew

9) would (10) tried (11) would write (12) heard (13) would write



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14) slept (15) knew (16) had - would learn (17) got - would buy

18) would help- asked (19) would phone- knew (20) were - would tell

## Q (2) :

1) Which 2) Who 3) who 4) which 5) which 6) who 7) which 8) which 9) which  
10 ) who 11) where

## Q (3) :

- 1) I like the necklace which I got for Christmas.
- 2) The boots which Ann gave me are very comfortable .
- 3) The man who designed our house is an architect.
- 4) The chocolates which are in the box are from Belgium .
- 5) The children who are in my class are eating sandwiches.

## Q (4) Do as shown between brackets :-

- 1- How often do you visit your grandma?
- 2- were
- 3- The bill was paid last week by him .
- 4- Many letters were written by my dad.
- 5- has - been
- 6- Do - watch
- 7- is going to leave- is leaving



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8- reads

9- haven't finished

10- had boiled

11- I had heard - hurried

12- woke up - hadn't rung

13-since

14- for

15- was having

## Model Answers

1) You mustn't smoke in this building.

3) May find

4) Ought

5) Helen should see a doctor

6) didn't have to

7) mustn't

9) We might go to Canada next year.

11) can

12) can - couldn't





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- 13) has to
- 14) have to
- 15) must
- 16) must
- 17) may
- 18) Weren't
- 19) She might pass the exam
- 20) This door mustn't be opened by you.
- 21) may
- 22) we may travel to London next year

## Model Answers

### Do as shown between brackets:

- 1) If we collected the litter, our beaches wouldn't be dirty.
- 2) Ali is very tired he may not go to school tomorrow.
- 4) She was praying when her father called.
- 5) This is the girl who had an accident
- 7) I think it will to rain.
- 9) This is the stadium where she played her first game.



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- 10) Ten thousand elephant were used to build the pyramids .
- 11) The car which was damaged in the accident has been repaired.
- 12) here = hear
- 13) - They stopped for a rest after they had climbed the mountain  
- They had climbed the mountain before they stopped for a rest.
- 14) he hasn't met Ali for twelve years .
- 16) If you study hard, you will succeed .



# Revision English

## Story

### **The Merchant of Venice & Elements of Literature**

#### *Chapter 9*

#### *The Prince of Aragon Visits Portia*

*1-Portia has got many reasons to be worried. Why? Were these reasons reasonable?*

First, Portia has waited for a husband in Belmont. Second, she likes Bassanio and wishes that he will come and court her. Third, she has got her father's will and the guessing game that is supposed to decide her future husband. She has to wait till one of the suitors has the courage to choose one of the caskets and be wise enough to choose the right one. Then, she will have to marry him whether she liked him or not. She even wondered if she would ever marry. Finally, I believe that the reasons that made her worried were true & reasonable ones.

*2- 'Have you not found my picture' Comment.*

These are Portia's words to the Prince of Aragon after he chose and opened the silver box. He believed after reading the note on the lead box that it is not that valuable to choose. As for the golden box, he believed that those who choose it are fooled by its outer shine and that in their lives they don't notice the underlying messages of things. He was too proud to see what he deserved and what he found was the picture of a fool with a note inside telling him that proud men deserve foolish wives. Of course, Portia is not foolish and for this he didn't find the picture.



# Revision English

## Chapter 10

### *Bad News for Antonio*

*1- In this chapter, bad news came from here and there tighten up the events. (Discuss)*

On one hand, the news for Antonio wasn't good. The ship that sank in the sea between England and France was his. Its valuable cargo lay at the bottom of the sea, and Antonio had lost his money. Afterwards, he lost another ship in a storm near Tripoli. It was a very large ship and its cargo was very valuable.

On the other hand, the news for Shylock was not good either. He paid people to look for his daughter, Jessica but they couldn't find her. They came back with the news about money she had spent and jewels she had sold.

*2- Throughout all the sadness in which Shylock sank, a beam of light arose for him. (Discuss)*

Shylock was angry about his daughter, Jessica. He paid people to look for her but he didn't find her. All he knew was that she was spending his money and selling his jewels. All this made him angrier. However, when he heard that Antonio lost a ship which had a valuable cargo. Then, he heard of the other ship that he lost with all its valuable cargo in Tripoli, he was pleased. He decided that if Antonio couldn't pay back his debt when it was due, he would make him pay the pound of flesh and have revenge on him.



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### *3- " I can use it to go fishing."*

#### *Comment*

These words were said by Shylock to Antonio's friends who were annoyed that he was looking forward to take one pound of Antonio's flesh. Shylock was happier than ever when he heard the news that Antonio lost another ship in Tripoli because he wanted to have revenge on his old enemy. They wondered what would he do with Antonio's pound of flesh and he answered ironically that he can use it to go fishing.

### *4- When Shylock was expected to have mercy on Antonio, his words were like the mirror reflecting what was in his heart. (Discuss)*

Antonio's friends were annoyed that Shylock was happier than ever when he heard that Antonio lost another ship in Tripoli. He wanted to have revenge on him by taking the pound of flesh he signed in the contract. When everybody asked Shylock's mercy on Antonio and asked him what he would do with his pound of flesh. They were stunned and stuck by his answer which reflected the hatred in his heart towards Antonio. He said that he can use it to go fishing or can eat it and this will make him feel good. He thought that Antonio was treating him badly because he was a Jew. His words also reflected how the venetian society treated the Jews and looked down at them.



# Revision English

## Characters & Characterization

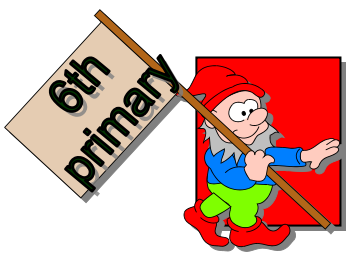
*1- Antonio was a different kind of wealthy businessman. (Discuss)*

*5- Antonio was a different type of merchant. (Discuss)*

The first impression we get about Antonio in the Merchant of Venice is that he is a different kind of wealthy businessman. We know him as a rich merchant but he has hardly the qualities of a merchant. He is not a greedy rich man. Instead, he loves to share his wealth. He doesn't mind lending money to others without interest. Thus, he saved many people from becoming the victim of Shylock. That is why Shylock is very annoyed and angry with him. In brief, Antonio is a different wealthy man because he is generous (not greedy), doesn't show off (humble), friendly and kind to the poor. He is ready to share his wealth with others whenever they need money.

*2- Antonio values friendship a lot. Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Justify your answer.*

Antonio is shown in this drama as a generous friend. He is generous with all his friends. He is rich but he doesn't show off. He is humble (not a proud man). Instead, it is clear that he treats his friends just like his equals. So, I agree that he values friendship a lot and to justify this we can mention how Antonio lent Bassanio money. Then, when he re-asked him for more money to go and court Portia though he had no money at that time, he told Bassanio to borrow money from any money lender and he would guarantee that Bassanio would pay it back. He put his life in danger by signing that contract with his enemy just to help his friend marry the woman he wanted.



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### *3- Antonio is a naive person. Illustrate*

Antonio is a naive person because how come that he agrees to such a contract that if he failed to pay the loan to Shylock in due time, a pound of his flesh would be taken away by Shylock. Antonio knew very well that Shylock didn't like him and Shylock would enjoy taking revenge on him. When we come to the reason why he signed that contract, we find it a silly one to put your life in danger for.

### *4- If you were in Antonio's shoes, would you sign Shylock's document? Why?*

No, of course I would not sign that document because naive people only would agree on doing such silly thing. In this situation, Antonio is giving a pound of his flesh for somebody who doesn't deserve so; Bassanio the careless friend. Bassanio who agreed to leave his friend sign such contract and put his life in danger just because he is selfish and wants to court a woman he loves. He even didn't take any action when he saw his friend losing his money and was about to lose his life, too. Such friend doesn't deserve any kind of sacrifice.

### *6- What made a dark shadow on Antonio's character? Why?*

Antonio had many weak sides in his character. One of which is that Antonio sometimes abused Shylock with his words. He called him dog and he spat on his clothes. Some might think that this is something bad or evil about his character. There are two sides of this matter. One can think that Antonio abused Shylock because he was a Jew. On the other hand, Antonio disliked Shylock because he was a money lender who charges high interest. Anyway, this made a dark shadow on his character.





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## *7- Antonio was an inactive person. (Elaborate)*

If signing the document was a shocking thing, still more shocking was that he was totally inactive when it came to repaying the loan to Shylock. He didn't try to appeal to his friends, relatives or other merchants to loan him some money even in interest, so that he could easily repay the money to Shylock. It was not a huge amount of money. He helped many people in the past. So, at least, some people would love to help him in his time of distress. This is something that one cannot understand about Antonio in the Merchant of Venice. Antonio's inactivity might have come from his melancholy. He is sad all the time but we can hardly find any information about the cause of his sadness.

## *8- Portia is one of the finest characters created by William Shakespeare. (Discuss)*

It is often said that the Merchant of Venice of William Shakespeare doesn't have any hero but it has a heroine, Portia. Portia is perhaps the strongest character in the Merchant of Venice. If we look at the other leading male characters like Bassanio and Antonio we can find that they were not as strong as Portia who could fight the villain Shylock. She is one of the strongest characters made by William Shakespeare. She is a very good character and characters like Portia are very rare in drama.





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**9- Portia gives more value to love and romance than wealth and power. (Illustrate)**

Portia is a beautiful and wealthy woman. She is the news of her beauty and wealth all over the world and people from different countries came hoping to marry her. Although Portia was very rich, at the same time she was very romantic. This is clearly shown in her choice of Bassanio. Although Bassanio wasn't rich or powerful, he wasn't even a prince or a big merchant, yet she liked him and hoped he would solve the mystery. This clearly shows that Portia gives more value to love and romance than wealth and power.

**11- Portia was an obedient daughter. (Illustrate)**

One of the qualities that attract the readers to Portia is that she was an obedient daughter. She agreed with the wish of her father about the matter of the guessing game and that choosing one of the three caskets considers her future husband. She waited patiently to get married. If she wanted she would have easily told Bassanio or another person what was the secret of the three caskets and could get married but she waited patiently and even allowed other princes to try for it.

**12- Shylock is the play antagonist. (Explain)**

Shylock is the villain in the Merchant of Venice or the play's antagonist. He always thought about a way to put Antonio in danger and take revenge on him. He was portrayed as a devil and as a materialistic man. This was clearly shown when his daughter Jessica ran away with Lorenzo. Shylock seemed



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more worried about the gold she stole rather than the fact that his daughter has gone. He was mean with his servants. One of them saw that he was the devil himself and his house was described as "Hell".

## Elements of Literature

**1-What's a play?** A play is a story written to be performed by actors, especially in a theatre.

**2-Theme:** It's the main idea in a piece of writing, speech, film, etc.....

**3-Plot:** The plot is the events that form the main story of a book, film or a play. To discuss the plot doesn't mean simply to discuss what happens, but how and

(very importantly) why those events happen. Any plot has a climax, an anti climax, and a resolution.

**a-Climax (Crisis or complication):** It means the highest point. In a story or a play, it's point where the main character changes his/ her point of view. **OR** A turning point in the story, where the tension of the conflict is greatest.

**b-Anti Climax:** It is a situation or event that doesn't seem exciting because it happens after something that was much better. **OR** A drop often sudden and unexpected, from an important idea or situation to a trivial (not serious) one.

**c-Resolution:** Also known as falling action. This is the climatic coming together, and ending of the plot.



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**4-Setting / Mood:** *The setting* is the physical world- the time, the place- of the story. *The mood* refers to the feelings conveyed by the setting. These feelings are typically shown to the readers through the description.

**5-Fiction:** It's a story written about imaginary characters and events. Some ideas of fiction may be true or based on real people or events, but the story is imaginary.

## Characters & Characterization

A **character** is a fictional person in a story. **Characterization** is the process in which a character is made to seem real to the reader. There are different types of characters and different ways in which these characters are shown to the reader.

**Protagonist:** The central character in a story, sometimes a *hero/heroine*. Typically the protagonist is the most important character in a play, film or story to which the readers feel the most interest.

**Antagonist:** The character, force, or group of forces that directly conflicts with the protagonist. An antagonist may be an individual person, a group of people, or non- human forces such as poverty, injustice, fear.....etc.



# Revision English

## Chapter 10

### *Bassanio Visits Portia*

#### 1-Why does Portia want Bassanio to delay making his choice?

She tried to delay Bassanio from making his choice because if he chooses the wrong box he will have to leave immediately and will never be able to marry her.

#### 2-What reason does Bassanio give for making his choice immediately?

Bassanio doesn't want to delay choosing the box because he is afraid to love Portia more. He wants to know if he can marry her or not. Also he doesn't want to hope for something which might not happen.

#### 3-Why does Bassanio choose lead over gold?

He believes that he shouldn't be tricked by appearances and that ordinary things are often hidden with beautiful gold, silver and jewels. Since Portia is an extraordinary person therefore she doesn't need to be hidden with gold or silver.

#### 4- One of the most important themes introduced in the Merchant of Venice is "Appearance versus Reality". (Discuss giving examples)

The best example which shows this statement clearly is the guessing game in Portia's father's will. All the suitors are deceived by the shiny surface of the precious metal.

It is clear that thus guessing game is designed to lead the suitors to discover themselves not to marry Portia. When we come to Bassanio we figure out that he isn't tricked by appearances and he knows that ordinary things are hidden with precious things to cover their triviality.



# Revision *English*

5- "It's hard to care about characters in a play who only care about themselves" discuss this statement according to Merchant of Venice.

Both Bassanio and Shylock are good examples of selfish people who care only about themselves. When we look at Bassanio we see how selfish he is because he puts his friend's life in danger just to marry the woman he loves.

Shylock the play's antagonist. He doesn't feel sad because his daughter left. He doesn't even miss her. He only cares about his money and jewels she has been spending.



# Revision English

## *The Merchant of Venice*

### *Chapters 12, 13 and 14*

1- Shakespeare created a concrete picture of how cruel Shylock was at court. (Illustrate)

Shakespeare showed us this concrete picture in Antonio's words at court. When Antonio said that asking Shylock for mercy is as impossible as stopping the tide on the beach or asking the wolf why it kills a lamb. It is like stopping the trees from blowing in the wind. All the previous things are really hard to stop but still Shylock's heart is harder.

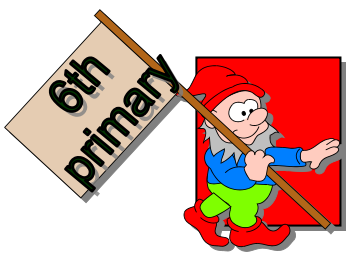
2- Why was the situation of fulfilling the contract important for the Venetian society?

Because if the duke doesn't allow Shylock to take the pound of flesh from Antonio no man will trust the law of Venice and people won't do business with that country as well.

3- "I will show no mercy," "I don't want it, and I will not give it."

This statement cost Shylock a lot. (illustrate)

When Shylock had the upper hand at court he thought that he wouldn't need mercy. He was the one driving events to the track he wanted. He didn't imagine that things might turn upside down and that he might need mercy in a way or another. When Portia accused him of planning to kill a citizen in Venice and that would cost him everything he owned he really wished to ask for mercy but he couldn't because he was the one who said he didn't need it.



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4- To do a great right, you can do a little wrong. Do you agree with this statement? Why? Why not?

No, I don't agree with this statement because honest ones mustn't break or change the law. They mustn't even set a bad example because other people will use their stories to do greater wrongs for smaller rights. Also we must obey Allah's orders and lead our lives in the way "He" almighty wanted us to.

5- Portia's mental strength is clearly shown in this play. (Discuss)

Portia was a very smart and skilled person. She was able to trick Shylock using her mental strength, a lot of knowledge and wisdom. Portia had all the wisdom that a woman can dream of. She knows what to say in which condition and this smartness appeared in the end when she saved Antonio. Portia was a very brave woman. When she heard the news of Antonio, she decided to save Antonio because he had fallen into danger only by helping.

Bassanio to come to her. So, she took the disguise of a man and went to Venice to fight Shylock head to head and toe to toe. Portia had the mental power/courage to fight against Shylock and in the end she successfully defeated him.

6- What elements of literature are there in the Merchant of Venice?

The Merchant of Venice is a tragic comedy in which aspects of both tragedy and comedy are found. The story of the pound of flesh, Antonio and Shylock represents the tragic part of the plot. While Portia, Bassanio and that issue of will and marriage represent the other comic part of the plot.





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7-"Careless", "True friend" and "Romantic" all these are adjectives describing one character "Bassanio". (Discuss)

**Bassanio** is Antonio's best friend. He is the *romantic lead of this play*, but he is really careless with his money which ended up borrowing from Shylock. He planned to borrow that money in order to court Portia, the richest and the most beautiful lady in Belmont. Marring Portia would give him the chance to have the money he needed to pay his debt to his friend Antonio. Although he was a careless character yet we can consider Bassanio a true friend. When he heard that Antonio was in danger he lost all his happiness. He just owned the hand of Portia for marriage yet he did not enjoy this matter at all. He became a very wealthy man by getting married to Portia but wealth was not important for him. He was only sad at that moment for his friend Antonio who was in danger only for helping him.

8-Explain how Shylock was portrayed as a devil and a materialistic man.

He was portrayed as a devil and as a materialistic man. This was clearly shown when his daughter Jessica ran away with Lorenzo. Shylock seemed more worried about the gold she stole rather than the fact that his daughter had gone. He was mean with his servants and his house was described as a "Hell".





# Revision English

## Poetry

### The Daffodils (By William Wordsworth)

#### Stanza (1)

I wandered lonely as a cloud  
That floats on high o'er vales and hills,  
When all at once I saw a crowd,  
A host of golden daffodils;  
Beside the lake, beneath the trees,  
Fluttering and dancing in the breeze.

**Theme:** The beauty of nature and its positive effect on the poet.  
Whenever the poet sits alone, in a bad mood, far away from nature, he remembers the beauty of the daffodils and this makes him feel happy.

**Paraphrase:** When the poet is wandering as a single cloud in the sky which rises high over the valley and hills, he sees a group of fantastic daffodils under the trees, near the lake and a gentle wind is moving them so they seem as if they were dancing.

#### **Figures of speech:**

- **Simile:** as a cloud: He likens to a lonely cloud.
- **Personification:** crowd of daffodils – dance: he gives the daffodils human qualities.