

# NS-2 Tutorial

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# Motivation for Simulations

- Cheap -- does not require costly equipment
- Complex scenarios can be easily tested
- Results can be quickly obtained – more ideas can be tested in a smaller timeframe
- The real thing isn't yet available
- Controlled experimental conditions
  - Repeatability helps aid debugging
- Disadvantages: Real systems too complex to model

# Features of NS-2

- Protocols: TCP, UDP, HTTP, Routing algorithms, MAC etc
- Traffic Models: CBR, VBR, Web etc
- Error Models: Uniform, bursty etc
- Misc: Radio propagation, Mobility models , Energy Models
- Topology Generation tools
- Visualization tools (NAM), Tracing

# NS Structure

- NS is an object oriented discrete-event simulator
  - Simulator maintains list of events and executes one event after another
  - Single thread of control: no locking or race conditions
- Back end is C++ event scheduler
  - Protocols mostly
  - Fast to run, more control
- Front end is oTCL
  - Creating scenarios, extensions to C++ protocols
  - fast to write and change

# TCL tutorial

- Variables: 

```
set x 1
set y $x
```
- Arrays: 

```
set a(0) 1
```
- Printing: 

```
puts "$a(0) \n"
```
- Arithmetic Expression: 

```
set z = [expr $y + 5]
```
- Control Structures: 

```
if {$z == 6} then { puts "Correct!" }
for {set i =0} {$i < 5} {incr i }{
    puts "$i * $i equals [expr $i * $i]"
}
```
- Procedures: 

```
proc sum {a b} {
    return [expr $a + $b]
}
```

# NS programming Structure

- Create the event scheduler
- Turn on tracing
- Create network topology
- Create transport connections
- Generate traffic
- Insert errors

# Creating Event Scheduler

- Create event scheduler: set ns [new simulator]
- Schedule an event: \$ns at <time> <event>
  - event is any legitimate ns/tcl function

\$ns at 5.0 “finish”

- Start Scheduler

\$ns run

```
proc finish {} {  
    global ns nf  
    close $nf  
    exec nam out.nam &  
    exit 0  
}
```

# Tracing

- All packet trace

```
$ns trace-all [open out.tr w]
```

```
<event> <time> <from> <to> <pkt> <size>
```

```
-----
```

```
<flowid> <src> <dst> <seqno> <aseqno>
```

```
+ 0.51    0 1 cbr 500 ----- 0 0.0 1.0 0 2
```

```
- 0.51    0 1 cbr 500 ----- 0 0.0 1.0 0 2
```

```
r 0.514   0 1 cbr 500 ----- 0 0.0 1.0 0 0
```

- Variable trace

```
set par [open output/param.tr w]
```

```
$tcp attach $par
```

```
$tcp trace cwnd_
```

```
$tcp trace maxseq_
```

```
$tcp trace rtt_
```



# Tracing and Animation

- Network Animator

```
set nf [open out.nam w]
$ns namtrace-all $nf
```

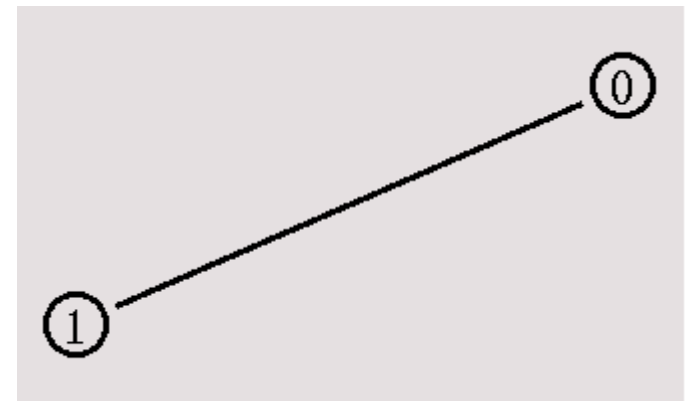
```
proc finish {} {
    global ns nf
    close $nf
    exec nam out.nam &
    exit 0
}
```

# Creating topology

- Two nodes connected by a link
- Creating nodes

```
set n0 [$ns node]
set n1 [$ns node]
```
- Creating link between nodes
  - `$ns <link_type> $n0 $n1 <bandwidth> <delay> <queue-type>`

```
$ns duplex-link $n0 $n1 1Mb 10ms DropTail
```



# Sending data

- Create UDP agent

```
set udp0 [new Agent/UDP]
```

```
$ns attach-agent $n0 $udp0
```

- Create CBR traffic source for feeding into UDP agent

```
set cbr0 [new Application/Traffic/CBR]
```

```
$cbr0 set packetSize_ 500
```

```
$cbr0 set interval_ 0.005
```

```
$cbr0 attach-agent $udp0
```

- Create traffic sink

```
set null0 [new Agent/Null]
```

```
$ns attach-agent $n1 $null0
```

# Sending data

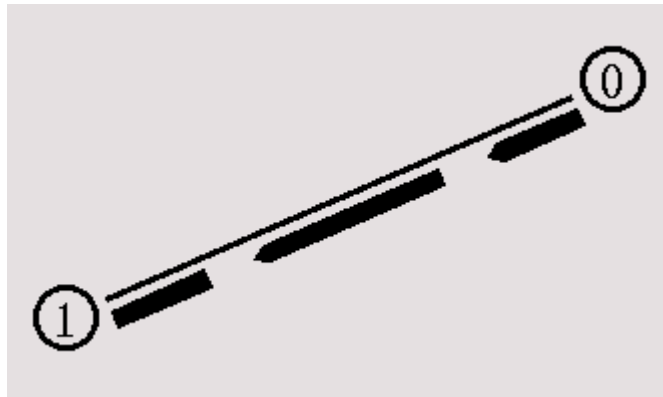
- Connect two agents

`$ns connect $udp0 $null0`

- Start and stop of data

`$ns at 0.5 "$cbr0 start"`

`$ns at 4.5 "$cbr0 stop"`



# Creating TCP Connections

- Create TCP agent and attach it to the node  
set tcp0 [new Agent/TCP]  
\$ns attach-agent \$n0 \$tcp0
- Create a Null Agent and attach it to the node  
set null0 [new Agent/TCPSink]  
\$ns attach-agent \$n1 \$null0
- Connect the agents  
\$ns connect \$tcp0 \$null0

# Traffic on top of TCP

- FTP

```
set ftp [new Application/FTP]  
$ftp attach-agent $tcp0
```

- Telnet

```
set telnet [new Application/Telnet]  
$telnet attach-agent $tcp0
```

# Introducing Errors

- Creating Error Module

```
set err [new ErrorModel]  
$err unit pkt_  
$err set rate_ 0.01  
$err ranvar [new RandomVariable/Uniform]  
$err drop-target [new Agent/Null]
```

- Inserting Error Module

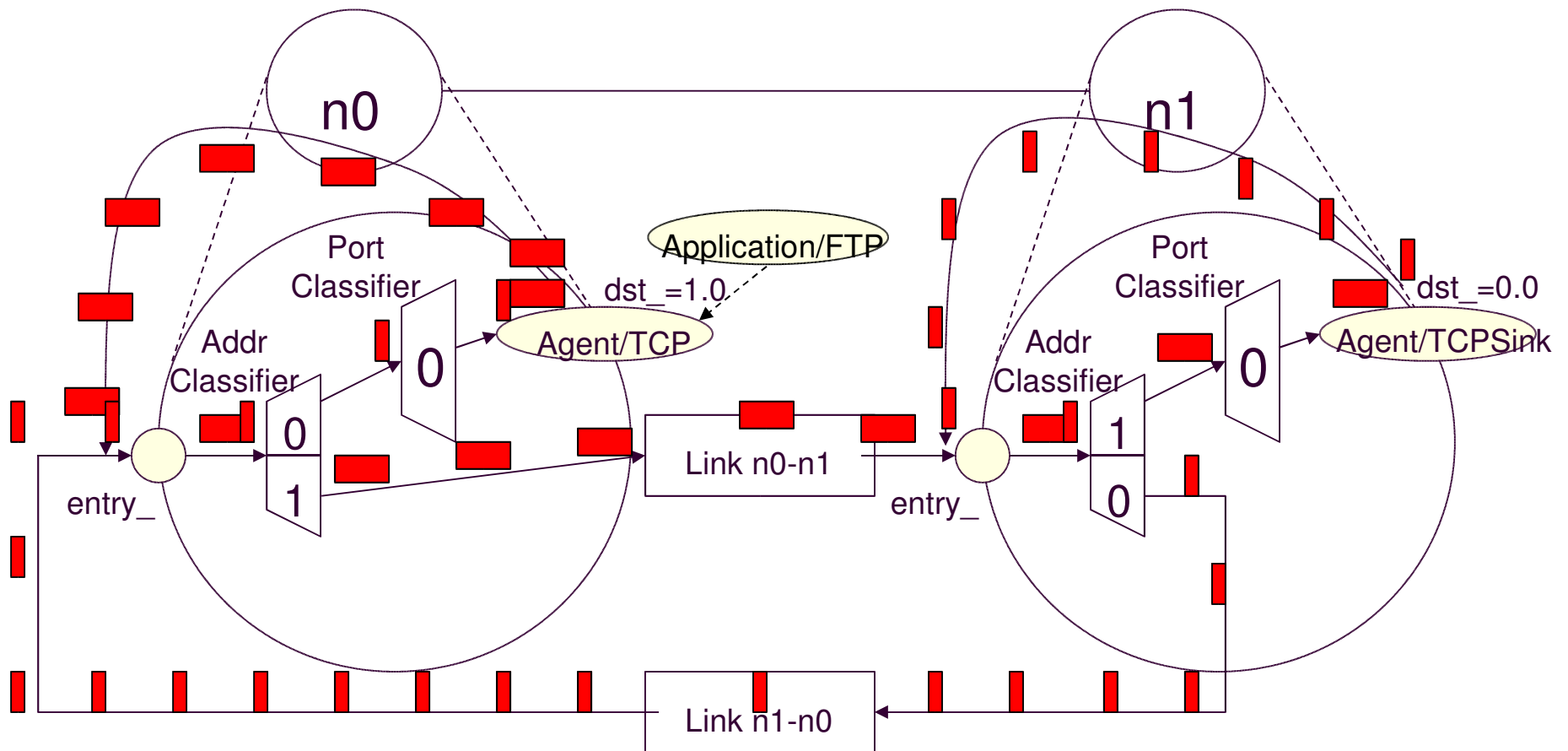
```
$ns lossmodel $err $n0 $n1
```

# Examples

- UDP Script
- Tracing (wired,wireless,tcp)
- TCP without Loss
- TCP with Loss



# NS Internals



# Summary

- Simulators help in easy verification of protocols in less time, money
- NS offers support for simulating a variety of protocol suites and scenarios
- Front end is oTCL, back end is C++
- NS is an on-going effort of research and development

# Reference Material

- <http://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/>
  - Marc Greis' tutorial
  - Jae Chung tutorial
  - Ns manual